

1. 설계조건

50

%이음설계

$$F_y = 315 \text{ MPa} \quad F_u = 490 \text{ MPa} \quad E_s = 205000 \text{ MPa}$$

* 보 (H형강)

H- 500x200x10x16

$$\begin{aligned} d &= 500 \text{ mm} & A_g &= 11420 \text{ mm}^2 \\ b_f &= 200 \text{ mm} & I_x &= 478000000 \text{ mm}^4 \\ t_w &= 10.0 \text{ mm} & S_x &= 1910000 \text{ mm}^3 \\ t_f &= 16 \text{ mm} & w &= 896 \text{ N/m} \\ r &= 20 \text{ mm} \\ A_f &= b_f \cdot t_f = 200 \cdot 16 = 3200 \text{ mm}^2 \\ A_w &= d \cdot t_w = 500 \cdot 10 = 5000 \text{ mm}^2 \\ Z_x &= 2 \cdot (b_f \cdot t_f \cdot (d/2 - t_f/2) + (d/2 - t_f) \cdot t_w \cdot (d/2 - t_f)/2) \\ &= 2 \cdot (200 \cdot 16 \cdot (500/2 - 16/2) + (500/2 - 16) \cdot 10 \cdot (500/2 - 16)/2) \\ &= 2096360 \text{ mm}^3 \end{aligned}$$

* 기둥 (H형강)

$$\begin{aligned} d_c &= 400 \text{ mm} & F_{yc} &= 315 \text{ MPa} \\ b_{fc} &= 400 \text{ mm} & F_{uc} &= 490 \text{ MPa} \\ t_{wc} &= 13 \text{ mm} \\ t_{fc} &= 21 \text{ mm} \\ r_c &= 22 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

* 휨모멘트

$$M_u = 460 \text{ kN-m}$$

* 전단력

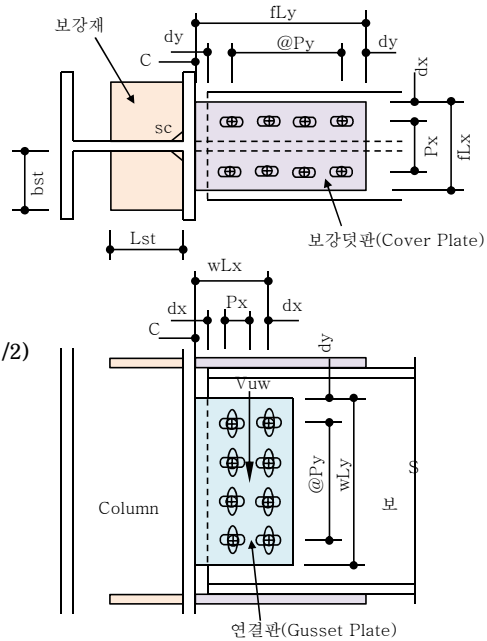
$$V_u = 485 \text{ kN}$$

* 타부재 사이 간격

$$C = 10 \text{ mm}$$

* 용접재 인장강도

$$F_{uw} = 490 \text{ MPa}$$



2. 볼트 구멍 손실에 대한 저항모멘트 검토

$$(D_{bh} = 24 \text{ mm})$$

$$F_y/F_u = 315/490 = 0.643 \leq 0.8 \quad \therefore Y_t = 1.00$$

$$A_{fg} = b_f \cdot t_f = 200 \cdot 16 = 3200 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$A_{fn} = A_{fg} - N_x \cdot t_f \cdot D_{bh} = 3200 - 2 \cdot 16 \cdot 24 = 2432 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$F_u \cdot A_{fn} = 490 \cdot 2432 \cdot 1/10^3 = 1191.7 \text{ kN}$$

$$Y_t \cdot F_y \cdot A_{fg} = 1 \cdot 315 \cdot 3200 \cdot 1/10^3 = 1008.0 \text{ kN}$$

$$\therefore Y_t \cdot F_y \cdot A_{fg} / (F_u \cdot A_{fn}) = 1008 / 1191.7 = 0.85 \leq 1.00 \quad \dots \text{OK}$$

<볼트구멍손실 고려 불필요>

3. 소요강도

* 휨모멘트

$$\begin{aligned} M_{uf} &= 50\% \cdot \phi_b \cdot M_n = 50\% \cdot \phi_b \cdot M_p = 50\% \cdot \phi_b \cdot F_y \cdot Z_x \\ &= 50\% \cdot 0.9 \cdot 315 \cdot 2096360 \cdot 1/10^6 = 297.2 \text{ kN-m} \end{aligned}$$

$$297.2 \text{ kN-m}$$

$$\therefore M_{uf} = \text{MAX}(M_u, M_{uf}) = \text{MAX}(460, 297.2) =$$

$$460.0 \text{ kN-m}$$

* 전단력

$$h/t_w = (500 - (16 + 20) \cdot 2) / 10 = 42.80$$

$$h/t_w \leq 2.24 \cdot \sqrt{(E_s/F_y)} = 2.24 \cdot \sqrt{(205000/315)} = 57.14$$

$$k_v = 5.00$$

$$1.10 \cdot \sqrt{(k_v \cdot E_s/F_y)} = 1.10 \cdot \sqrt{(5 \cdot 205000/315)} = 62.75$$

$$1.37 \cdot \sqrt{(k_v \cdot E_s/F_y)} = 1.37 \cdot \sqrt{(5 \cdot 205000/315)} = 78.15$$

■ 철골접합부 - 보와 기둥 접합부 설계 / 휨모멘트접합-1 / 보 웨브 연결판이 전단력 부담

$$\begin{aligned} h/tw &< 1.10 \cdot \sqrt{(kv \cdot Es/Fy)} & : C_v &= 1.0 \\ 1.10 \cdot \sqrt{(kv \cdot Es/Fy)} &< h/tw \leq 1.37 \cdot \sqrt{(kv \cdot Es/Fy)} & : C_v &= 1.10 \cdot \sqrt{(kv \cdot Es/Fy)} / (h/tw) \\ 1.37 \cdot \sqrt{(kv \cdot Es/Fy)} &< h/tw & : C_v &= 1.51 \cdot Es \cdot kv / ((h/tw)^2 \cdot Fy) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore h/tw &< 1.10 \cdot \sqrt{(kv \cdot Es/Fy)} \\ C_v &= 1.00 \end{aligned}$$

$$\therefore \phi_v = 1.00 \quad C_v = 1.00$$

$$V_{uw} = 50\% \cdot \phi_v \cdot V_n = 50\% \cdot \phi_v \cdot 0.6 \cdot F_y \cdot A_w \cdot C_v = 50\% \cdot 1 \cdot 0.6 \cdot 315 \cdot 5000 \cdot 1 \cdot 1/10^3 = 472.5 \text{ kN}$$

$$\therefore V_{uw} = \text{MAX}(V_u, V_{uw}) = \text{MAX}(485, 472.5) = 485.0 \text{ kN}$$

4. 보 플랜지 접합부

$$\begin{aligned} P_{uf} &= M_{uf} / (d + t_{pf}) = 460 \cdot 10^3 / (500 + 22) = 881.2 \text{ kN} \\ \phi \cdot b_f \cdot t_f \cdot F_y &= 0.9 \cdot 200 \cdot 16 \cdot 315 \cdot 1/10^3 = 907.2 \text{ kN} \\ \therefore P_{uf} / (\phi \cdot b_f \cdot t_f \cdot F_y) &= 881.2 / 907.2 = 0.97 \leq 1.00 \quad \dots \text{OK} \end{aligned}$$

		부재	구멍 종류			구멍치수(mm)		φ		
1) 소요볼트		보강뒀판 :	하중방향에 평행한 단슬롯 구멍			24	30	0.85		
		H형강 보 :	표준구멍			24	24	1.00		
고력볼트	직경	구멍직경 Dbh(mm)	열수	행수	전체개수	볼트간격	볼트간격	연단거리	연단거리	사이간격
	Db(mm)	보강뒀판/H형강보	Nx(열)	Ny(행)	N(EA)	Px(mm)	Py(mm)	dx(mm)	dy(mm)	ef(mm)
F10T	M22	24 30	2	4	8	110	90	40	50	10
		24 24								

$$\begin{aligned} \phi &= 0.85 \quad \mu = 0.50 \quad (\text{블라스트 후 페인트하지 않은 경우}) \\ hf &= 1.00 \quad F_u = 1000 \text{ MPa} \quad A_b = 380.1 \text{ mm}^2/\text{EA} \quad \text{전단면의 수 } N_s = \# \text{REF!} \end{aligned}$$

설계볼트장력

$$T_o = 0.70 \cdot F_u \cdot 0.75 \cdot A_b = 0.70 \cdot 1000 \cdot 0.75 \cdot 380.1 \cdot 1/10^3 = 199.6 \text{ kN/EA}$$

$$\phi R_n = \# \text{REF!} \quad \# \text{REF!} \text{ kN/EA}$$

$$\therefore N_{\text{req}} = \# \text{REF!} \quad \# \text{REF!} \text{ EA} \quad \# \text{REF!} \quad 8 \text{ EA} \quad \# \text{REF!} \quad \# \text{REF!}$$

2) 보강뒀판

Fyp =	315	MPa	매수	폭	길이	두께	면적	구멍개수	구멍직경	공제면적	
Fup =	490	MPa		fLx(mm)	fLy(mm)	tpf(mm)	Ag(mm ²)		(mm)	(mm ²)	
			#REF!	190	380	22	#REF!	4	30	#REF!	(길이방향)
							#REF!	2	24	#REF!	(폭방향)
Σ											

(1) 보강뒀판 검토 - 인장플랜지

* 인장항복강도

$$\begin{aligned} A_g &= \# \text{REF!} \text{ mm}^2 \\ \phi P_n &= \# \text{REF!} \text{ kN} \\ \therefore P_{uf} / \phi P_n &= \# \text{REF!} \quad \# \text{REF!} \quad \# \text{REF!} \quad 1.00 \quad \# \text{REF!} \end{aligned}$$

* 인장파단강도 U = 1.00

$$\begin{aligned} A_n &= \# \text{REF!} \text{ mm}^2 \\ \phi P_n &= \# \text{REF!} \text{ kN} \\ \therefore P_{uf} / \phi P_n &= \# \text{REF!} \quad \# \text{REF!} \quad \# \text{REF!} \quad 1.00 \quad \# \text{REF!} \end{aligned}$$

(2) 보강뿔판 검토 - 압축플랜지

* 압축강도

$$\begin{aligned}
 L_c &= \text{MAX}(e_f + d_y, P_y) = \text{MAX}(10 + 50, 90) = 90.0 \text{ mm} \\
 K &= 0.65 \quad (\text{양단 회전고정 및 이동고정}) \\
 I &= 1 \cdot t_{pf}^3 / 12 = 1 \cdot 22^3 / 12 = 887.3 \text{ mm}^4 \\
 A &= 1 \cdot t_{pf} = 1 \cdot 22 = 22.0 \text{ mm}^2 \\
 r_y &= \sqrt{I/A} = \sqrt{(887.3/22)} = 6.35 \text{ mm} \\
 K \cdot L_c / r_y &= 0.65 \cdot 90 / 6.35 = 9.21 \\
 4.71 \cdot \sqrt{(E_s / F_{yp})} &= 4.71 \cdot \sqrt{(205000 / 315)} = 120.2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$K \cdot L_c / r_y = 9.2 \leq 4.71 \cdot \sqrt{(E_s / F_{yp})} = 120.2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_e &= \pi^2 \cdot E_s / ((K \cdot L_c / r_y)^2) = \pi^2 \cdot 205000 / (9.21^2) = 23852.5 \text{ MPa} \\
 F_{cr} &= 0.658 \cdot (F_{yp} / F_e) \cdot F_{yp} = 0.658 \cdot (315 / 23852.5) \cdot 315 = 313.3 \text{ MPa} \\
 \phi P_n &= \#REF! \quad \#REF! \text{ kN} \\
 \therefore P_u / \phi P_n &= \#REF! \quad \#REF! \quad 1.00 \quad \#REF!
 \end{aligned}$$

(3) 블록전단강도 검토 - 보강뿔판

: 하중방향에 평행한 단슬롯 구멍 (Dbh = 24 * 30 mm)

* 인장저항 순단면적

$$A_{nt} = A_{gt} - Dbh1 \cdot (N_x / 2 - 0.5) \cdot t_{pf} = 880 - 24 \cdot (2/2 - 0.5) \cdot 22 = 616.0 \text{ mm}^2$$

* 인장저항 총단면적

$$A_{gt} = d_x \cdot t_{pf} = 40 \cdot 22 = 880.0 \text{ mm}^2$$

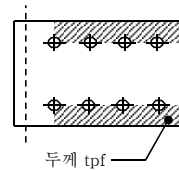
* 전단저항 순단면적

$$A_{nv} = A_{gv} - Dbh2 \cdot (N_y - 0.5) \cdot t_{pf} = 7040 - 30 \cdot (4 - 0.5) \cdot 22 = 4730.0 \text{ mm}^2$$

* 전단저항 총단면적

$$A_{gv} = ((N_y - 1) \cdot P_y + d_y) \cdot t_{pf} = ((4 - 1) \cdot 90 + 50) \cdot 22 = 7040.0 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_{up} \cdot A_{nt} &= 490 \cdot 616 \cdot 1/10^3 = 301.8 \text{ kN} \\
 0.6 \cdot F_{up} \cdot A_{nv} &= 0.6 \cdot 490 \cdot 4730 \cdot 1/10^3 = 1390.6 \text{ kN} \\
 F_{yp} \cdot A_{gt} &= 315 \cdot 880 \cdot 1/10^3 = 277.2 \text{ kN} \\
 0.6 \cdot F_{yp} \cdot A_{gv} &= 0.6 \cdot 315 \cdot 7040 \cdot 1/10^3 = 1330.6 \text{ kN}
 \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{aligned}
 U_{bs} &= 1.00 \\
 \phi P_n &= \phi \cdot (U_{bs} \cdot F_{up} \cdot A_{nt} + \text{MIN}(0.6 \cdot F_{up} \cdot A_{nv}, 0.6 \cdot F_{yp} \cdot A_{gv})) \cdot 2 \text{ 개소} \\
 &= 0.75 \cdot (1 \cdot 301.8 + \text{MIN}(1390.6, 1330.6)) \cdot 2 = 2448.6 \text{ kN} \\
 \therefore P_u / \phi P_n &= 881.2 / 2448.6 = 0.36 \leq 1.00 \quad \dots \text{OK}
 \end{aligned}$$

(4) 블록전단강도 검토 - 보 플랜지

: 표준구멍 (Dbh = 24 * 24 mm)

* 인장저항 순단면적

$$A_{nt} = A_{gt} - Dbh1 \cdot (N_x / 2 - 0.5) \cdot t_f = 720 - 24 \cdot (2/2 - 0.5) \cdot 16 = 528.0 \text{ mm}^2$$

* 인장저항 총단면적

$$A_{gt} = (b_f - P_x) / 2 \cdot t_f = (200 - 110) / 2 \cdot 16 = 720.0 \text{ mm}^2$$

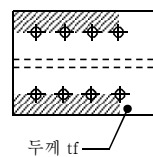
* 전단저항 순단면적

$$A_{nv} = A_{gv} - Dbh2 \cdot (N_y - 0.5) \cdot t_f = 5120 - 24 \cdot (4 - 0.5) \cdot 16 = 3776.0 \text{ mm}^2$$

* 전단저항 총단면적

$$A_{gv} = ((N_y - 1) \cdot P_y + d_y) \cdot t_f = ((4 - 1) \cdot 90 + 50) \cdot 16 = 5120.0 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 F_u \cdot A_{nt} &= 490 \cdot 528 \cdot 1/10^3 = 258.72 \text{ kN} \\
 0.6 \cdot F_u \cdot A_{nv} &= 0.6 \cdot 490 \cdot 3776 \cdot 1/10^3 = 1110.1 \text{ kN} \\
 F_y \cdot A_{gt} &= 315 \cdot 720 \cdot 1/10^3 = 226.8 \text{ kN} \\
 0.6 \cdot F_y \cdot A_{gv} &= 0.6 \cdot 315 \cdot 5120 \cdot 1/10^3 = 967.7 \text{ kN}
 \end{aligned}$$



■ 철골접합부 - 보와 기둥 접합부 설계 / 휨모멘트접합-1 / 보 웨브 연결판이 전단력 부담

$$\begin{aligned}
 U_{bs} &= 1.00 \\
 \phi P_n &= \phi t_3 (U_{bs} F_u A_{nt} + \min(0.6 F_u A_{nv}, 0.6 F_y A_{gv})) * 2 \text{개소} \\
 &= 0.75 * (1 * 258.72 + \min(1110.1, 967.7)) * 2 = 1839.6 \text{ kN} \\
 \therefore P_{uf} / \phi P_n &= 881.2 / 1839.6 = 0.48 \leq 1.00 \quad \dots \text{OK}
 \end{aligned}$$

3) 플랜지 보강덮판(Cover Plate) 용접부

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{필릿용접(1)/완전용입용접(2)} &: 2 \quad \text{앤드랩 유무} : \text{있음.} \\
 S_w &= 22 \text{ mm} \quad n_w = 1 \text{ 면용접} \\
 L_{we} = fL_x &= 190.0 \text{ mm}
 \end{aligned}$$

* 용접전단강도

$$\begin{aligned}
 \phi R_{nw} &= \min(\phi F_y p_{tf} L_{we}, \phi F_u p_{tf} L_{we}) \\
 &= \min(0.9 * 315 * 22 * 190, 0.75 * 490 * 22 * 190) * 1/10^3 = 1185.0 \text{ kN} \\
 \therefore P_{uf} / \phi R_{nw} &= 881.2 / 1185 = 0.74 \leq 1.00 \quad \dots \text{OK}
 \end{aligned}$$

5. 보 웨브 접합부

$$V_{uw} = 485.0 \text{ kN}$$

		부재	구멍 종류			구멍치수(mm)		φ		
1) 소요볼트		연결판(G, PL) :	하중방향에 수직인 단슬롯구멍			27	32	1.00		
		H형강 보 :	하중방향에 평행한 단슬롯 구멍			27	32	0.85		
고력볼트	직경	구멍직경 Dbh(mm)	열수	행수	전체개수	볼트간격	볼트간격	연단거리	연단거리	사이간격
	Db(mm)	연결판/H형강보	Nx(열)	Ny(행)	N(EA)	Px(mm)	Py(mm)	dx(mm)	dy(mm)	ew(mm)
F10T	M24	32 27	1	5	5	0	75	50	50	10
		27 32								

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{웹 제1볼트-플랜지 내측덮판거리} &= (d - 2t_f - (wLy - dy * 2)) / 2 = (500 - 2 * 16 - (400 - 50 * 2)) / 2 \\
 &= 84.0 \text{ mm} \geq 60 \text{ mm} \quad \dots \text{OK}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \phi &= 0.85 \quad \mu = 0.50 \quad (\text{블라스트 후 페인트하지 않은 경우}) \\
 hf &= 1.00 \quad F_u = 1000 \text{ MPa} \quad A_b = 452.4 \text{ mm}^2/\text{EA} \quad \text{전단면의 수 } N_s = \# \text{REF!}
 \end{aligned}$$

설계볼트장력

$$T_o = 0.70 * F_u * 0.75 * A_b = 0.70 * 1000 * 0.75 * 452.4 * 1/10^3 = 237.5 \text{ kN/EA}$$

$$\phi R_n = \# \text{REF!} \quad \# \text{REF! kN/EA}$$

$$\therefore N_{\text{req}} = \# \text{REF!} \quad \# \text{REF! EA} \quad \# \text{REF!} \quad 5 \text{ EA} \quad \# \text{REF!} \quad \# \text{REF!}$$

2) 연결판(Gusset Plate)

Fyp =	315	MPa	매수	폭	길이	두께	면적	구멍개수	구멍직경	공제면적
Fup =	490	MPa	wLX(mm)wLy(mm)tpw(mm)Ag(mm ²) (mm) (mm ²)							
			#REF!	110	400	13	#REF!	5	27	#REF!
									32	
Σ										

Σ

* 전단항복강도

$$\begin{aligned}
 Ag_v &= \# \text{REF! mm}^2 \\
 \phi V_n &= \# \text{REF!} \quad \# \text{REF! kN}
 \end{aligned}$$

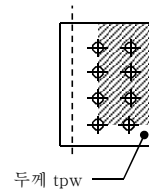
$$\therefore V_{uw} / \phi V_n = \# \text{REF!} \quad \# \text{REF!} \quad \# \text{REF!} \quad 1.00 \quad \# \text{REF!}$$

* 전단파단강도 $Anv = \#REF!$ $\#REF!$ mm²
 $\phi V_n = \#REF!$ $\#REF!$ kN
 $\therefore Vuw / \phi V_n = \#REF!$ $\#REF!$ $\#REF!$ 1.00 $\#REF!$

* 블록전단강도 : 하중방향에 수직인 단슬롯구멍 (Dbh = 32 * 27 mm)

- 인장저항 순단면적
 $Ant = Agt - Dbh1 * (Nx - 0.5) * tpw = 650 - 32 * (1 - 0.5) * 13 = 442.0$ mm²
- 인장저항 총단면적
 $Agt = (Px * (Nx - 1) + dx) * tpw = (0 * (1 - 1) + 50) * 13 = 650.0$ mm²
- 전단저항 순단면적
 $Anv = Agv - Dbh2 * (Ny - 0.5) * tpw = 4550 - 27 * (5 - 0.5) * 13 = 2970.5$ mm²
- 전단저항 총단면적
 $Agv = ((Ny - 1) * Py + dy) * tpw = ((5 - 1) * 75 + 50) * 13 = 4550.0$ mm²

$Fup * Ant = 490 * 442 * 1 / 10^3 = 216.6$ kN
 $0.6 * Fup * Anv = 0.6 * 490 * 2970.5 * 1 / 10^3 = 873.3$ kN
 $Fyp * Agt = 315 * 650 * 1 / 10^3 = 204.8$ kN
 $0.6 * Fyp * Agv = 0.6 * 315 * 4550 * 1 / 10^3 = 860.0$ kN



$Ubs = 1.00$
 $\phi R_n = \phi t * (Ubs * Fup * Ant + \min(0.6 * Fup * Anv, 0.6 * Fyp * Agv))$
 $= 0.75 * (1 * 216.6 + \min(873.3, 860.0)) = 807.5$ kN
 $\therefore Vuw / \phi R_n = 485 / 807.5 = 0.60 \leq 1.00 \dots OK$

3) 보 웹 연결판과 기둥 플랜지 용접부 강도

$Vuw = 485.0$ kN
 $e = ew + dx + Px * (Nx - 1) / 2 = 10 + 50 + 0 * (1 - 1) / 2 = 60.0$ mm
 $Muw = Vuw * e = 485 * 60 * 1 / 10^3 = 29.1$ kN-m

$Sw1 = 8$ mm $nw1 = 2$ 면용접 필릿용접(1)/완전용입용접(2) : 1
 $Lwe1 = wLy - 2 * Sw1 = 400 - 2 * 8 = 384.0$ mm
 $Ix = 2 * 1 * 384^3 / 12 = 9437184$ mm⁴
 $dy = Lwe1 / 2 = 384 / 2 = 192.0$ mm

$f_{mh} = Muw * dy / Ix = 29.1 * 10^3 * 192 / 9437184 = 0.592$ kN/mm
 $f_{mv} = 0.000$ kN/mm
 $f_v = Vuw / A = 485 / (2 * 384) = 0.632$ kN/mm
 $f_r = \sqrt{(f_{mh}^2 + (f_{mv} + f_v)^2)} = \sqrt{(0.592^2 + (0 + 0.632)^2)} = 0.866$ kN/mm

$\phi r_{nw} = \phi * F_w * (0.707 * Sw1) = \phi * 0.6 * F_{uw} * (0.707 * Sw1)$
 $= 0.75 * 0.6 * 490 * (0.707 * 8) * 1 / 10^3 = 1.247$ kN/mm
 $\therefore f_r / \phi r_{nw} = 0.866 / 1.247 = 0.69 \leq 1.00 \dots OK$

$t = \min(t_{fc}, tpw) = \min(21, 13) = 13.0$ mm
 $\phi r_n = \phi * 0.6 * F_{up} * (t / 2) = 0.75 * 0.6 * 490 * (13 / 2) * 1 / 10^3 = 1.433$ kN/mm
 $\therefore f_r / \phi r_n = 0.866 / 1.433 = 0.60 \leq 1.00 \dots OK$
 $\phi r_n = \phi * 0.6 * F_{yp} * (t / 2) = 1 * 0.6 * 315 * (13 / 2) * 1 / 10^3 = 1.229$ kN/mm
 $\therefore f_r / \phi r_n = 0.866 / 1.229 = 0.70 \leq 1.00 \dots OK$

4) 보 웹전단파단강도

$\phi V_n = \phi_v * 0.6 * F_u * Anv = 0.75 * 0.6 * 490 * 3400 * 1 / 10^3 = 749.7$ kN
 $Anv = Aw - (Ny * Dbh) * tw = 5000 - (5 * 32) * 10 = 3400$ mm²
 $\therefore Vuw / \phi V_n = 485 / 749.7 = 0.65 \leq 1.00 \dots OK$

6. 기둥 검토 (기둥 집중하중)

1) 기둥 플랜지 국부 휨강도

$$\phi R_{n1} = \phi (6.25 t_{fc}^2) F_{yc} = 0.9 (6.25 \times 21^2) \times 315 \times 1/10^3 = 781.4 \text{ kN}$$

$$\therefore P_{uf} / \phi R_{n1} = 881.2 / 781.4 = 1.13 > 1.00 \dots \text{NG}$$

2) 기둥 웹 국부항복강도 검토(인장/압축)

$$L_c (\text{하중 작용점에서 재단까지의 거리}) > d_c = 400 \text{ mm}$$

$$k = t_{fc} + r_c = 21 + 22 = 43.00 \text{ mm}$$

$$N = t_{pf} = 22.00 \text{ mm}$$

$$\phi R_{n2} = \phi (5k + N) F_{yc} t_{wc} = 1 (5 \times 43 + 22) \times 315 \times 13 = 970.5 \text{ kN}$$

$$\therefore P_{uf} / \phi R_{n2} = 881.2 / 970.5 = 0.91 \leq 1.00 \dots \text{OK}$$

3) 기둥 웹 크리플링강도 검토(압축)

$$L_c (\text{하중 작용점에서 재단까지의 거리}) \geq d_c/2 = 400/2 = 200 \text{ mm}$$

$$N = t_{pf} = 22.00 \text{ mm}$$

$$\phi R_{n3} = \phi 0.8 t_{wc}^2 (1 + 3(N/d_c) (t_{wc}/t_{f2})^{1.5}) (\sqrt{E_s F_{yc} t_{fc}/t_{wc}})$$

$$= 0.75 \times 0.8 \times 13^2 (1 + 3(22/400) (13/21)^{1.5}) (\sqrt{(205000 \times 315 \times 21/13)}) = 1118.9 \text{ kN}$$

$$\therefore P_{uf} / \phi R_{n3} = 881.2 / 1118.9 = 0.79 \leq 1.00 \dots \text{OK}$$

4) 보강제

$$P_{st} = P_{uf} - \text{MIN}(\phi R_{n1}, \phi R_{n2}, \phi R_{n3}) = 881.2 - \text{MIN}(781.4, 970.5, 1118.9) = 99.8 \text{ kN}$$

$$\phi A_{st} F_{yst} = P_{st} \text{로부터}$$

$$A_{st, req} = P_{st} / (\phi F_{yst}) = 99.8 / (0.9 \times 315) = 352.03 \text{ mm}^2$$

$$\therefore A_{st, req} / A_{st} = 352.03 / 4290 = 0.08 \leq 1.00 \dots \text{OK}$$

* 플랜지 한 쪽 기준

매수	폭	길이	두께	면적	F _{yst} =	F _{ust} =
	b _{st}	L _{st}	t _{st}	A _{st}	315 MPa	490 MPa
	(mm)	(mm)	(mm)	(mm ²)		
2	165	190	13	4290		

$$b_{st, min} = fL_x/3 - t_{wc}/2 = 190/3 - 13/2 = 56.8 \text{ mm} \leq b_{st} \dots \text{OK}$$

$$b_{st, max} = b_{fc}/2 - t_{wc}/2 = 400/2 - 13/2 = 193.5 \text{ mm} \geq b_{st} \dots \text{OK}$$

$$t_{st, min} = t_{pf}/2 = 22/2 = 11.0 \text{ mm} \leq t_{st} \dots \text{OK}$$

$$L_{st, min} = d_c/2 - t_{fc} = 400/2 - 21 = 179.0 \text{ mm} \leq L_{st} \dots \text{OK}$$

$$\text{폭두께비 } b_{st}/t_{st} = 165/13 = 12.7 < 15 \dots \text{OK}$$

5) 보강제 용접부

(1) 기둥 복부 용접

$$S_{w2} = 5 \text{ mm} \quad n_{w2} = 2 \text{ 면용접} \quad S_c = 24.0 \text{ mm (Snip Cut)}$$

$$L_{we2} = L_{st} - S_c - 2 \times S_{w2} = 190 - 24 - 2 \times 5 = 156.0 \text{ mm}$$

$$\phi R_{nw} = \phi F_{w2} (0.707 S_{w2}) L_{we2} n_{w2} = \phi 0.6 F_{uw} (0.707 S_{w2}) L_{w2} n_{w2} = 486.39 \text{ kN}$$

$$\therefore P_{st} / \phi R_{nw} = 99.8 / 486.39 = 0.21 \leq 1.00 \dots \text{OK}$$

$$\phi R_n = \phi 0.6 F_{ust} t_{st} L_{we2} = 0.75 \times 0.6 \times 490 \times 13 \times 156 \times 2 \times 1/10^3 = 894.35 \text{ kN}$$

$$\therefore P_{st} / \phi R_n = 99.8 / 894.35 = 0.11 \leq 1.00 \dots \text{OK}$$

$$\phi R_n = \phi 0.6 F_{yst} t_{st} L_{we2} = 1 \times 0.6 \times 315 \times 13 \times 156 \times 2 \times 1/10^3 = 766.58 \text{ kN}$$

$$\therefore P_{st} / \phi R_n = 99.8 / 766.58 = 0.13 \leq 1.00 \dots \text{OK}$$

(2) 기둥 플랜지 용접

$$\begin{aligned} Sw3 &= 5 \text{ mm} & nw3 &= 2 \text{ 면용접} & Sc &= 24.0 \text{ mm (Snip Cut)} \\ Lwe3 &= bst - Sc - 2*Sw3 = 165 - 24 - 2*5 = & & & & 131.0 \text{ mm} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \phi Rnw &= \phi * Fw * (0.707 * Sw3) * Lwe3 * nw3 * 2 = \phi * 0.6 * Fuw * (0.707 * Sw3) * Lwe3 * nw3 * 2 \\ &= 0.75 * 0.6 * 490 * (0.707 * 5) * 131 * 2 * 2 * 1/10^3 = 408.44 \text{ kN} \\ \therefore Pst / \phi Rnw &= 99.8 / 408.44 = 0.24 \leq 1.00 \quad \dots OK \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \phi Rn &= \phi * 0.6 * Fust * tst * Lwe3 * 2 = 0.75 * 0.6 * 490 * 13 * 131 * 2 * 1/10^3 = 751.02 \text{ kN} \\ \therefore Pst / \phi Rn &= 99.8 / 751.02 = 0.13 \leq 1.00 \quad \dots OK \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \phi Rn &= \phi * 0.6 * Fyst * tst * Lwe3 * 2 = 1 * 0.6 * 315 * 13 * 131 * 2 * 1/10^3 = 643.73 \text{ kN} \\ \therefore Pst / \phi Rn &= 99.8 / 643.73 = 0.16 \leq 1.00 \quad \dots OK \end{aligned}$$

6) 기둥 웨브패널존 전단강도 검토

Pr ≤ 0.4*Pc 가정

$$\begin{aligned} F &= (M1 + M2) / dm - V = Muf / (d + tpf) - V = 460 * 10^3 / (500 + 22) - 0 = 881.2 \text{ kN} \\ \phi Rn &= \phi * (0.6 * Fyc) * dc * twc = 0.9 * (0.6 * 315) * 400 * 13 * 1/10^3 = 884.5 \text{ kN} \\ \therefore F / \phi Rn &= 881.2 / 884.5 = 1.00 \leq 1.00 \quad \dots OK \end{aligned}$$